

13.—Canadian Central Labour Bodies Operating in Canada, Showing Individual Numbers of Branches and Memberships, as at Dec. 31, 1938.

Organization.	Branches or Affiliates.	Member- ship Reported.
	No.	No.
Trades and Labour Congress of Canada.....	117 ¹	14,634
All-Canadian Congress of Labour.....	103 ¹	10,969
Canadian Federation of Labour.....	5 ¹	291
Beet Workers' Union, Alberta.....	10	812
Building Workers of Canada, Amalgamated ²	15	1,420
Carpet Weavers' Beneficial Association, Canadian Brussels.....	7	180
Civil Servants of Canada, Amalgamated.....	44	4,800
Civil Service Association of Alberta ³	14	1,710
Electrical Trades Union, Canadian ⁴	2	450
Engineers of Canada, National Union of Operating ⁴	4	2,331
Engineers, Canadian Association of Stationary.....	26	800
Express Employees, Brotherhood of.....	29	1,762
Farmer-Labour Union, New Brunswick.....	20	1,770
Fishermen's Federation of Nova Scotia.....	8	1,262
Fishermen's Union, Pacific Coast.....	19	1,169
Letter Carriers, Federated Association of ²	70	1,920
Marine Engineers of Canada, National Association of ³	16	872
Musicians, Canadian Federation of ²	1	20
Native Brotherhood of British Columbia.....	17	3,394
One Big Union ²	35	6,461
Postal Employees, Canadian ¹	29	1,157
Printing Trades' Union, Canadian National.....	4	260
Railway Employees, Canadian Brotherhood of ⁴	177	15,305
Railwaymen, Canadian Association of.....	76	3,354
Railway Mail Clerks' Federation, Dominion.....	17	890
Seamen's Union, Canadian ³	5	5,800
Ships' Employees, Canadian Brotherhood of ²	3	4,771
Shoe Workers' Union and Allied Crafts, Canadian.....	4	1,400
Steel Workers' National Union, Algoma ⁴	1	1,800
Totals.....	878	91,764
National Catholic Unions.....	292	50,188
Independent bodies.....	62	12,540
Grand Totals, Non-International Bodies.....	1,232	154,492

¹ Local branch unions under direct charters at the close of 1938.

² Affiliated with Canadian Federation of Labour.

³ Affiliated with Trades and Labour Congress of Canada.

⁴ Affiliated with All-Canadian Congress of Labour.

Canada and the International Labour Organization.*—The International Labour Organization of the League of Nations was set up in 1919 in accordance with Part XIII of the Treaties of Peace to promote the improvement of industrial conditions by legislative action and international agreement.

The Organization comprises the International Labour Conference, which meets annually and is composed of four representatives of each Member State, two of whom are Government delegates, while two represent employers and workers, respectively, and the International Labour Office in Geneva, which functions as a secretariat of the annual conference and also collects and publishes information on subjects relating to industrial life and labour. The Office is under the control of a Governing Body, consisting of 32 persons appointed by the International Labour Conference, of whom 16 represent governments, 8 represent employers, and 8 represent workers. In addition to its control of the Labour Office, the Governing Body is charged with the preparation of the agenda of the annual conference.

* On this subject see also the 1921 Year Book, pp. 607-609; the 1922-23 Year Book, pp. 704-707; and the 1924 Year Book, pp. 666-670.